

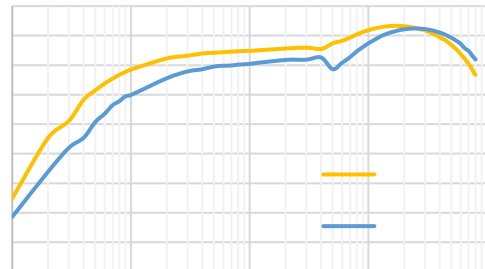
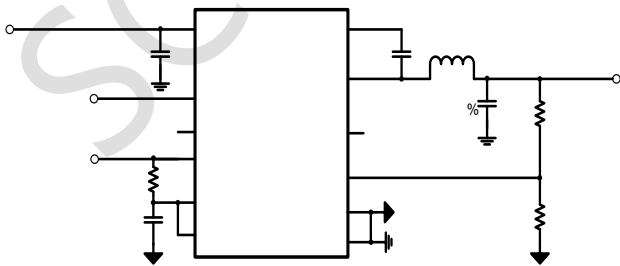
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The SCT2161Q adopts a Constant On-Time (COT) control to provide fast transient response and easy loop stabilization. The switching clock frequency is fixed 2.2MHz for optimization of the filter size and output voltage ripple. The device offers fixed 1ms soft start to prevent inrush current during the startup of output voltage ramping. Power Good with open drain output signals that the output voltage is within regulation.

The SCT2161Q has the MODE pin to select Pulse Frequency Modulation (PFM) operation mode to achieve the light load power save, or Ultrasonic Mode (USM) to keep the switching frequency above audible frequency areas during light-load or no-load conditions, or Forced Continuous Conduction Mode (FCCM) to achieve the small output ripple.

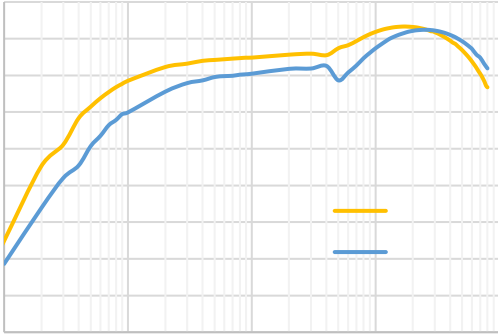


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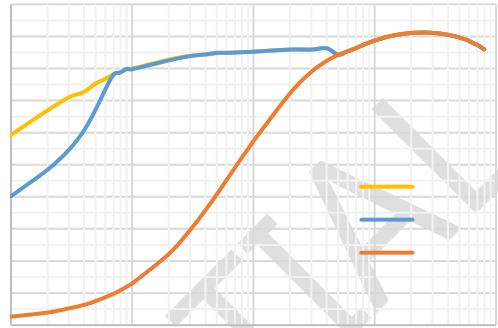
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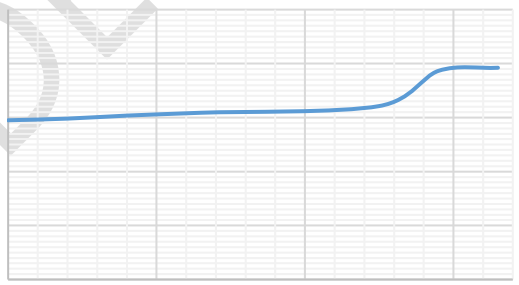
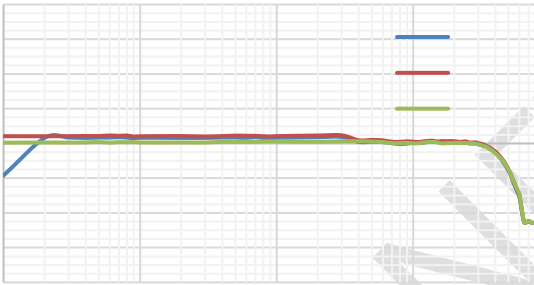
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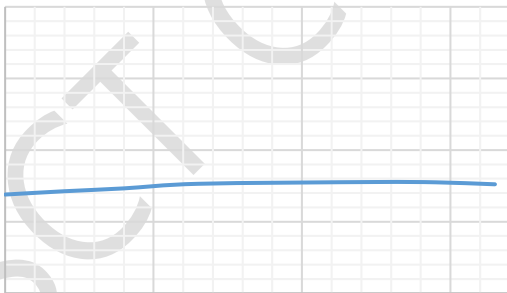
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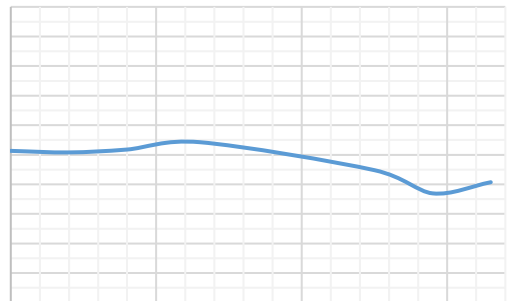
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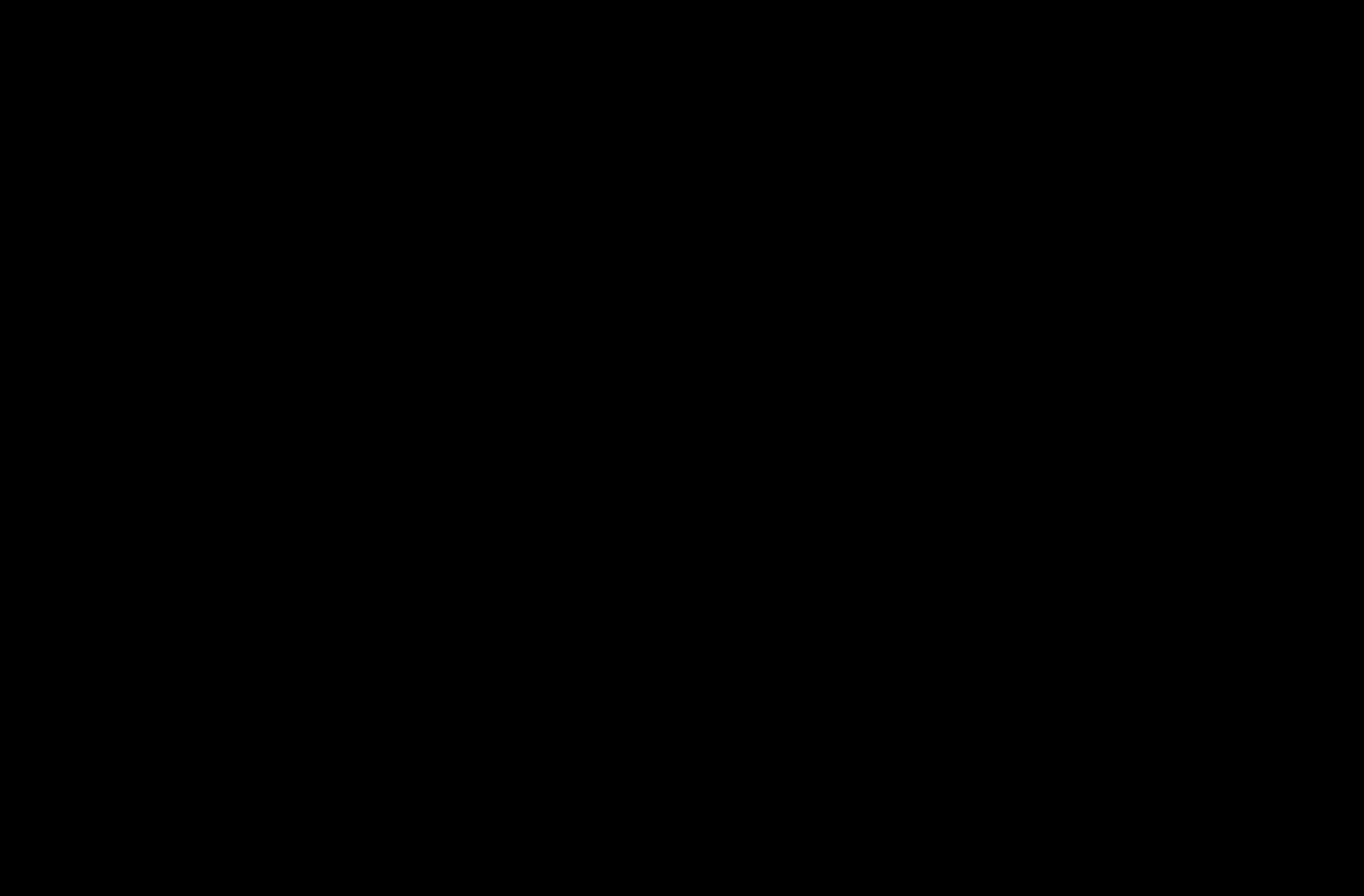
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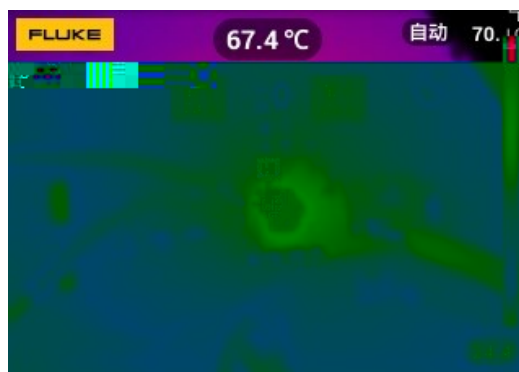
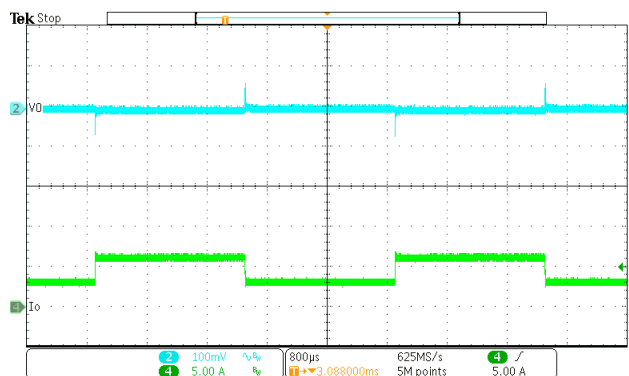
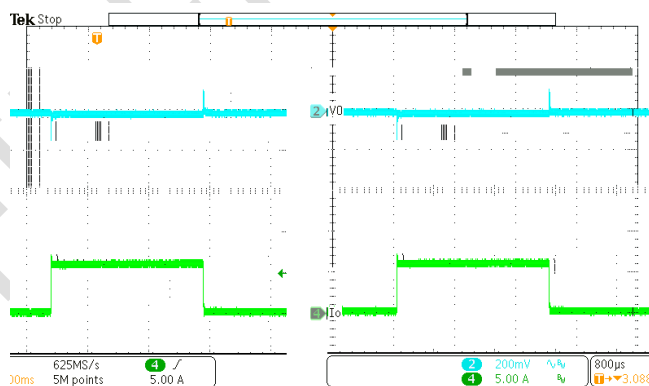
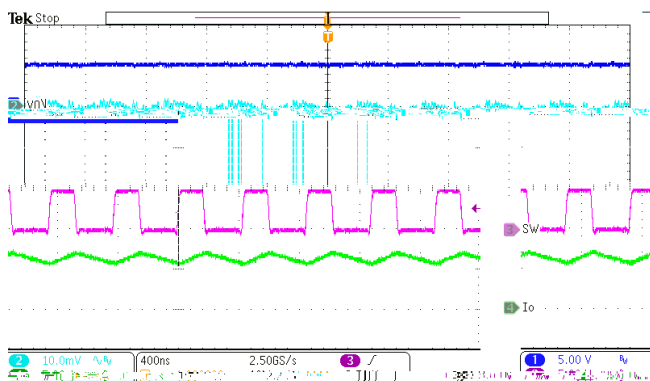
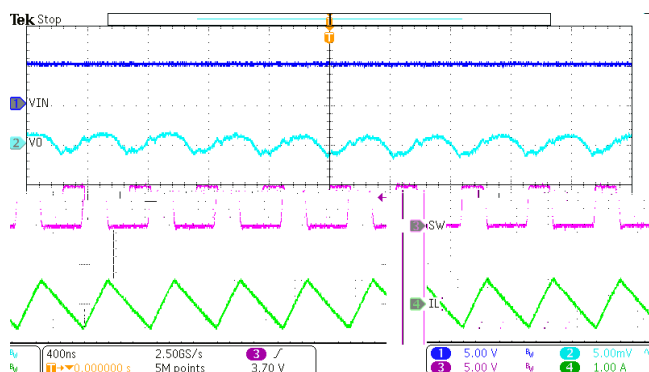
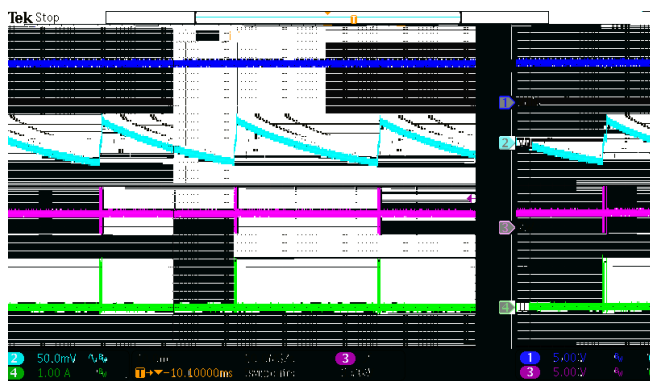
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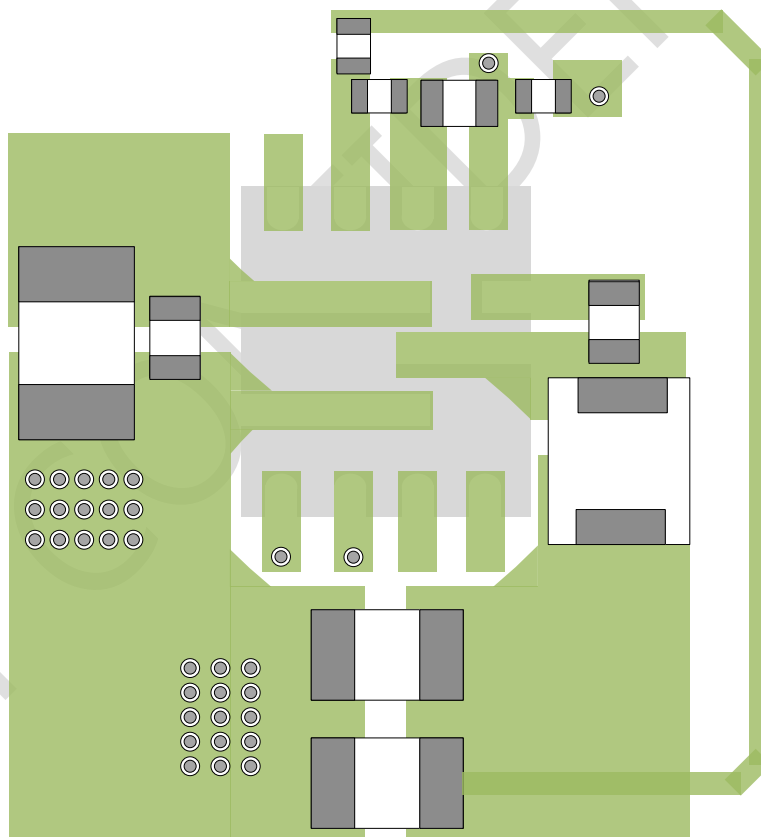


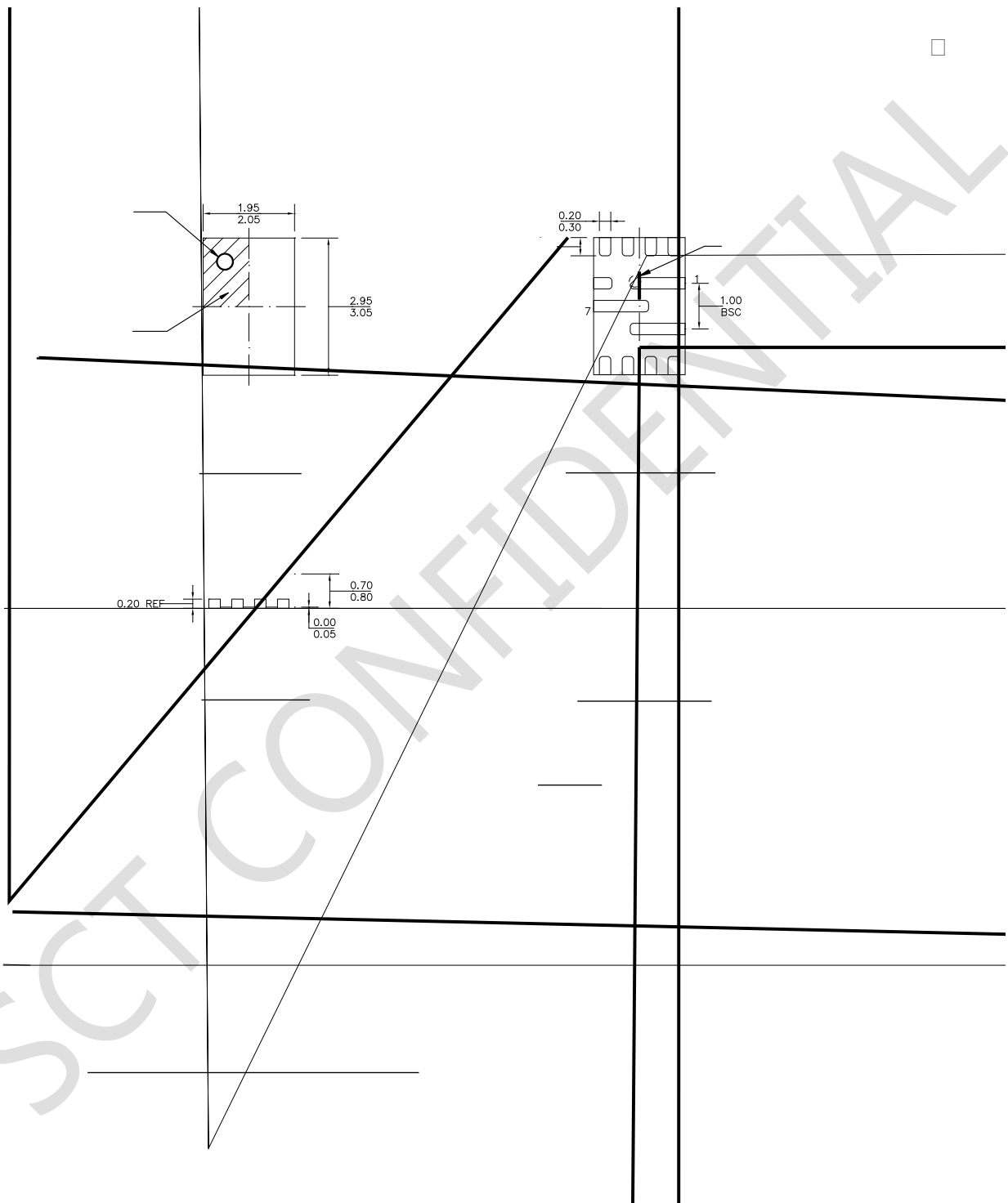
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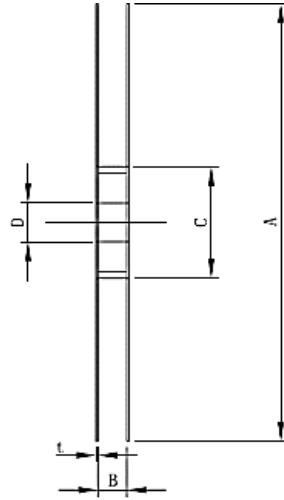
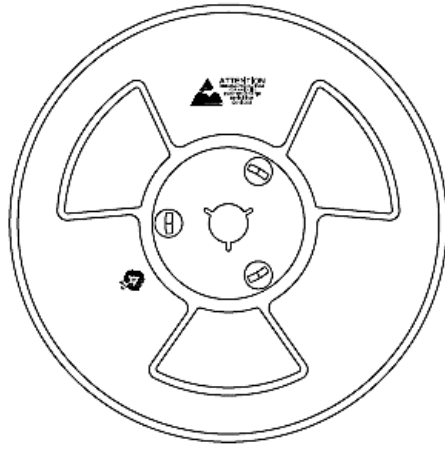
The bottom layer is a large ground plane connected to the ground plane on top layer by vias it is recommended 8mil diameter drill holes of thermal vias, but a smaller via offers less risk of solder volume loss. On applications where solder volume loss through the vias is of concern, plugging or tenting can be used to achieve a repeatable process.

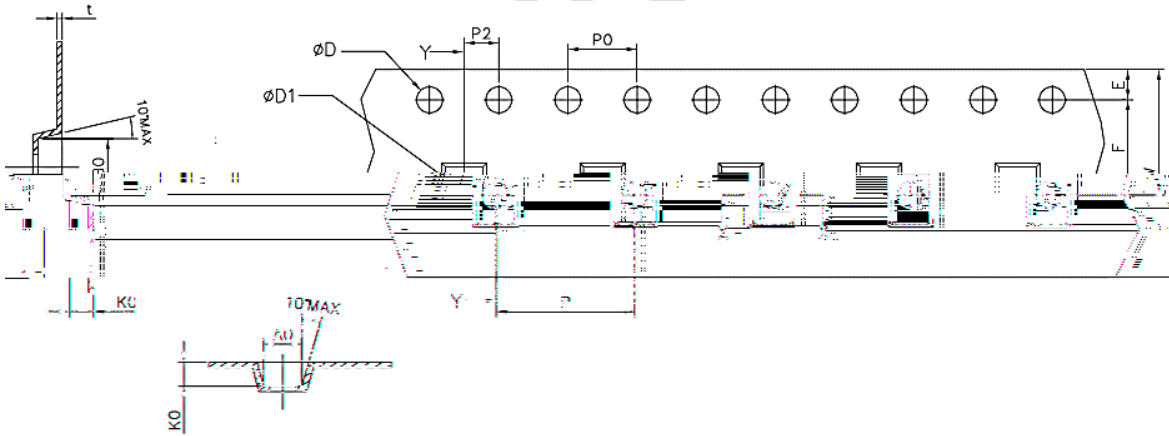
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